

## **Goodheart–Willcox Publisher**

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Goodheart-Willcox Publisher		
Correlation of Introduction to Anatomy and Physiology 2E ©2021		
to the Texas 2015		
for Section 130.224. Anatom	y and Physiology (One Credit)	
STANDARD	G-W CORRELATING PAGES	
1. The student demonstrates professional standards/employability skills as required by business and industry. The student is expected to:	32–33	
(1)(A) demonstrate verbal and non-verbal communication in a clear, concise, and effective manner; and	37–38, 87, 119, 171, 214, 261, 297, 337, 374, 411, 461, 507, 549, 587, 636	
<ul><li>(1)(B) exhibit the ability to cooperate,</li><li>contribute, and collaborate as a member of a team.</li></ul>	33, 68, 115, 141, 331, 374, 453, 507, 636	
2. The student, for at least 40% of instructional time, conducts field and laboratory investigations using safe, environmentally appropriate, and ethical practices. These investigations must involve actively obtaining and analyzing data with physical equipment, but may also involve experimentation in a simulated environment as well as field observations that extend beyond the classroom. The student is expected to:	11, 18, 23, 31, 39, 54, 68, 79, 87, 92, 100, 113, 119, 131, 141, 150, 154, 163, 171, 179, 188, 199, 207, 215, 223, 229, 237, 244, 253, 261, 274, 283, 291, 297, 306, 319, 329, 337, 347, 356, 367, 375, 390, 394, 405, 411, 422, 426, 441, 453, 461, 473, 482, 491, 499, 507, 515, 535, 543, 549, 557, 570, 581, 587, 595, 600, 610, 619, 629, 636	
(2)(A) demonstrate safe practices during laboratory and field investigations; and	27	
(2)(B) demonstrate an understanding of the use and conservation of resources and the proper disposal or recycling of materials.	27	
3. The student uses scientific methods and equipment during laboratory and field investigations. The student is expected to:	27	
<ul><li>(3)(A) know the definition of science and understand that it has limitations, as specified in subsection (b)(4) of this section;</li></ul>	24	
<ul> <li>(3)(B) know that hypotheses are tentative and testable statements that must be capable of being supported or not supported by observational evidence. Hypotheses of durable explanatory power that have been tested over</li> </ul>	24–25	

4. The student uses critical thinking, scientific rea and problem solving to make informed decisions and outside the classroom. The student is expect	swithin
<ul> <li>(3)(H) communicate valid conclusions supported by the data through method as lab reports, labeled drawings, graphi organizers, journals, summaries, oral re and technology–based reports.</li> </ul>	ic eports,
(3)(G) analyze, evaluate, make inferenc predict trends from data; and	tes, and 38, 86, 119, 170, 214, 260, 296–297, 336, 374, 410, 460, 506, 549, 586, 636
<ul> <li>(3)(F) collect and organize qualitative a quantitative data and make measurem with accuracy and precision using tools calculators, spreadsheet software, data collecting probes, computers, standard laboratory glassware, microscopes, var prepared slides, stereoscopes, metric r electronic balances, gel electrophoresis apparatuses, micropipettors, hand lens Celsius thermometers, hot plates, lab notebooks or journals, timing devices, I dishes, lab incubators, dissection equip meter sticks, and models, diagrams, or of biological specimens or structures;</li> </ul>	ents 141, 150, 154, 163, 171, 179, 188, 199, 207, 215, 223, 229, 237, 244, 253, 261, 274, 283, 291, 297, 306, 319, 329, 337, 347, 356, 367, 375, 390, 394, 405, 411, 422, 426, 441, 453, 461, 473, 482, 491, 499, 507, 515, 535, 543, 549, 557, 570, 581, 587, 595, 600, 610, 619, 629, 636 ulers, 58, 587, 595, 600, 610, 619, 629, 636 ulers, 58, 587, 595, 600, 610, 619, 629, 636 ess, 68, 79, 79, 79, 79, 79, 79, 79, 79, 79, 79
(3)(E) plan and implement descriptive, comparative, and experimental investig including asking questions, formulating testable hypotheses, and selecting equ and technology;	
(3)(D) distinguish between scientific hypotheses and scientific theories;	26
<ul> <li>(3)(C) know that scientific theories are on natural and physical phenomena an capable of being tested by multiple independent researchers. Unlike hypot scientific theories are well–established highly–reliable explanations, but they r subject to change as new areas of scien created and new technologies emerge;</li> </ul>	d are heses, and may be nce are
a wide variety of conditions are incorpo into theories;	

<ul> <li>(4)(A) in all fields of science, analyze, evaluate, and critique scientific explanations by using empirical evidence, logical reasoning, and experimental and observational testing, including examining all sides of scientific evidence of those scientific explanations, so as to encourage critical thinking;</li> </ul>	27, 38, 86, 119, 170, 214, 260, 296–297, 336, 374, 410, 460, 506, 549, 586, 636
<ul> <li>(4)(B) communicate and apply scientific</li> <li>information extracted from various sources</li> <li>such as accredited scientific journals,</li> <li>institutions of higher learning, current events,</li> <li>news reports, published journal articles, and</li> <li>marketing materials;</li> </ul>	31, 38, 44, 58, 68, 79, 83, 85, 113, 119, 150, 171, 179, 207, 214, 227, 229, 253, 274, 281, 283, <b>291</b> , 296, 297, 336, 337, 364, 367, 374, 402, 405, 411, 419, 432, 441, 445, 453, 461, 473, 491, 495, 499, 507, 515, 535, 549, 557, 562, 570, 577, 581, 610, 618, 623, 626, 636
(4)(C) draw inferences based on data related to promotional materials for products and services;	291
(4)(D) evaluate the impact of scientific research on society and the environment;	27
<ul> <li>(4)(E) evaluate models according to their</li> <li>limitations in representing biological objects or</li> <li>events; and</li> </ul>	150
(4)(F) research and describe the history of science and contributions of scientists.	28-31
5. The student evaluates the energy needs of the human body and the processes through which these needs are fulfilled. The student is expected to:	51–52, 55–60, 510–515
(5)(A) analyze the chemical reactions that provide energy for the body;	46, 51–53, 55–63
<ul> <li>(5)(B) evaluate the modes, including the structure and function of the digestive system, by which energy is processed and stored within the body;</li> </ul>	516–535
(5)(C) analyze the effects of energy deficiencies in malabsorption disorders as they relate to body systems such as Crohn's disease and cystic fibrosis; and	536–543
(5)(D) analyze the effects of energy excess in disorders as they relate to body systems such as cardiovascular, endocrine, muscular, skeletal, and pulmonary.	158–160, 201, 320–324, 326–328, 366, 396–400, 402–404, 451

6. The student differentiates the responses of the human body to internal and external forces. The student is expected to:	19–23, 39
<ul><li>(6)(A) explain the coordination of muscles,</li><li>bones, and joints that allows movement of the</li><li>body;</li></ul>	132–154, 180–188
<ul><li>(6)(B) investigate and report the uses of various diagnostic and therapeutic technologies;</li></ul>	110, 227, 235, 272–273, 364–365, 444, 451
(6)(C) interpret normal and abnormal contractility conditions such as in edema, glaucoma, aneurysms, and hemorrhage;	272, 322, 323, 385–387, 401, 447, 448, 450, 452, 461, 493– 494, 574
(6)(D) analyze and describe the effects of pressure, movement, torque, tension, and elasticity on the human body; and	19–23, 39
(6)(E) perform an investigation to determine causes and effects of force variance and communicate findings.	39
7. The student examines the body processes that maintain homeostasis. The student is expected to:	12–17, 38, 58, 100, 123, 218, 303–305, 306, 307, 312– 313,316, 378, 381, 529, 532, 552, 564–565, 578
(7)(A) investigate and describe the integration of the chemical and physical processes, including equilibrium, temperature, pH balance, chemical reactions, passive transport, active transport, and biofeedback, that contribute to homeostasis; and	12–17, 58, 529, 532
(7)(B) determine the consequences of the failure to maintain homeostasis.	306, 573–581
8. The student examines the electrical conduction processes and interactions. The student is expected to:	174, 177, 180–182, 224–229, 423–426
(8)(A) illustrate conduction systems such as nerve transmission or muscle stimulation;	229, 261
(8)(B) investigate the therapeutic uses and effects of external sources of electricity on the body system; and	443, 444
(8)(C) evaluate the application of advanced technologies such as electroencephalogram, electrocardiogram, bionics, transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation, and cardioversion.	425, 444

9. The student explores the body's transport systems. The student is expected to:	340–356, 427–436, 464–473, 558–570
(9)(A) analyze the physical, chemical, and biological properties of transport systems, including circulatory, respiratory, and excretory;	340–356, 427–436, 558–570
(9)(B) determine the factors that alter the normal functions of transport systems; and	357–367, 442–453, 492–499, 571–581
(9)(C) contrast the interactions among the transport systems.	427, 430–436, 464–468, 558–565
10. The student investigates environmental factors that affect the human body. The student is expected to:	17, 19–23, 27
(10)(A) identify the effects of environmental factors such as climate, pollution, radioactivity, chemicals, electromagnetic fields, pathogens, carcinogens, and drugs on body systems; and	15–16, 17, 27, 93–100, 101–103, 111–112, 397, 398, 402– 404, 432
(10)(B) explore measures to minimize harmful environmental factors on body systems.	27, 157, 159, 163
11. The student investigates the structure and function of the human body. The student is expected to:	93–100, 122–154, 174–199, 218–244, 300–319, 340–356, 378–394, 414–436, 464–491, 516–535, 552–570, 590–610
<ul> <li>(11)(A) analyze the relationships between the anatomical structures and physiological functions of systems, including the integumentary, nervous, skeletal, muscular, cardiovascular, respiratory, digestive, urinary, immune, endocrine, and reproductive systems;</li> </ul>	93–100, 122–154, 174–199, 218–244, 300–319, 340–356, 378–394, 414–436, 464–491, 516–535, 552–570, 590–610
(11)(B) evaluate the cause and effect of disease, trauma, and congenital defects on the structure and function of cells, tissues, organs, and systems;	101–113, 155–163, 200–207, 245–253, 268–273, 279–282, 286–287, 289–290, 320–329, 357–367, 395–405, 442–453, 492–499, 536–543, 571–581, 620–629
disease, trauma, and congenital defects on the structure and function of cells, tissues, organs,	286–287, 289–290, 320–329, 357–367, 395–405, 442–453,
<ul> <li>disease, trauma, and congenital defects on the structure and function of cells, tissues, organs, and systems;</li> <li>(11)(C) research technological advances and limitations in the treatment of system</li> </ul>	286–287, 289–290, 320–329, 357–367, 395–405, 442–453, 492–499, 536–543, 571–581, 620–629
<ul> <li>disease, trauma, and congenital defects on the structure and function of cells, tissues, organs, and systems;</li> <li>(11)(C) research technological advances and limitations in the treatment of system disorders; and</li> <li>(11)(D) examine characteristics of the aging</li> </ul>	286–287, 289–290, 320–329, 357–367, 395–405, 442–453, 492–499, 536–543, 571–581, 620–629 203 77, 79, 97–98, 127–128, 196, 243, 268, 277, 285, 317, 354–

(12)(B) identify the functions of the male and female reproductive systems; and	596–610
(12)(C) summarize the human growth and development cycle.	590–595, 611–618
student recognizes emerging technological es in science. The student is expected to:	384, 397, 398, 401, 402, 404, 405, 628
(13)(A) recognize advances in stem cell research such as cord blood use; and	384, 397, 398, 401, 402, 404, 405, 628
(13)(B) recognize advances in bioengineering and transplant technology.	384, 402, 405, 419, 495, 628